







Danger Level 1 - Low





Tendency: Decreasing avalanche danger on Sunday 21 12 2025









Snowpack stability: fair Frequency: few Avalanche size: small

A persistent inversion is causing warm weather even at the highest elevations, watch out for wet snow.

In all mountain ranges where there is still a continuous snow cover (High, Low, Western Tatras) there is a low avalanche danger. The snow cover has stabilised due to temperature changes. Due to the inversion, high temperatures persist even at the highest altitudes, causing wet snow during the day. Spontaneous wet avalanches may occur from warming, especially on sunlit slopes. Their danger lies mainly in pushing a person into exposed terrain.

Snowpack

A pressure high will continue to influence the weather during Saturday, bringing clear and exceptionally warm weather for December. The weather pattern of the last few days has caused daytime heating and night-time freezing of the snow cover. This has resulted in a hard firn and frozen snow cover surface that is well consolidated and generally stable. It may gradually soften during the day. A continuous snow cover occurs in the Low Tatras from an altitude of about 1300 m and reaches 40 to 70 cm at the highest altitudes. In the Western and High Tatras there is snow from about 1600 m above sea level and its height is only up to 40 cm.