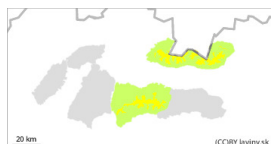


Danger Level 2 - Moderate



Tendency: Constant avalanche danger →

on Sunday 16 03 2025



Wind slab



Snowpack stability: **poor**

Frequency: **few**

Avalanche size: **medium**



Wet snow



Snowpack stability: **fair**

Frequency: **few**

Avalanche size: **small**

Wind-blown snow at the highest altitudes.

In the High, West and central part of the Low Tatras above the 1800m above sea level is declared the 2nd degree of avalanche danger. New snow from the last period of precipitation is being transported by the wind to the leeward slopes, especially to the northern orientations. Here locally there may be larger amounts of snow which may not be bound to the base layer. Avalanche release is possible especially with high additional loads in steep to very steep terrain.

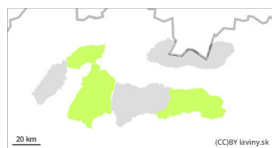
Snowpack

The snow cover is relatively well consolidated. Due to heavy rain it is soaked up to an altitude of about 1700m above sea level. Above this level, wind-driven snow slabs and pillows can be found locally due to snowfall and strong winds. These may locally be more than 30cm thick and may not be well bonded to the substrate.

Tendency

Gradually stabilizing due to the slight cooling.

Danger Level 1 - Low



Tendency: Constant avalanche danger →
on Sunday 16 03 2025



Wet snow



Snowpack stability: fair

Frequency: few

Avalanche size: small

Watch out for wet snow.

In Veľká and Mala Fatra and in the eastern part of the Low Tatras, the 1st degree, SMALL avalanche danger has been declared. Snow cover is generally packed. The main avalanche problem is wet snow from the last period of heavy rain. Locally, small avalanches or slides from wet snow may occur. Mainly in very steep terrain. Possibly foundation avalanches on grassy ground.

Snowpack

The snow cover up to an altitude of 1600m above sea level is very disjointed and strongly oriented to the northern slopes. The entire snow profile is wet to the ground. During rainfall there may be waterlogging of the subsoil, where the grassy subsoil will form a slippery layer for possible avalanches.

Tendency

Stabilising due to slight cooling.