



Danger Level 2 - Moderate



Treeline

Tendency: Increasing avalanche danger
on Saturday 11 01 2025



New snow



Treeline

Snowpack stability: fair

Frequency: some

Avalanche size: medium



Wind slab



Treeline

Snowpack stability: fair

Frequency: some

Avalanche size: medium

Watch out for wind-blown slabs and pillows of new snow

In the Tatras (Low, High, West) there is a moderate avalanche danger (2nd degree) above the forest zone. Overnight snowfall, which will continue during the day, will bring a total of 10 to 20 cm of new snow. The wind has varied over the last few days so there may be blown snow slabs on almost all slopes, except on ridges and backs, where the snow is blown off. Initially it will rain and the snowline will gradually decrease, this will allow good binding with the base of the old snow. The danger is concentrated on slopes with a steep gradient and where old hard snow has accumulated, especially in gullies and moguls.

Snowpack

The snow cover was wet and soft due to the extremely warm weather. As the weather cools and the snow falls, its character will change significantly. Up to 20 cm of new snow will gradually be added to the wet base. Snowfall will be accompanied by very strong winds, so the snow will be mostly packed down into slabs and pillows of varying hardness. On average, there is between 20 and 50 cm of snow in our mountains. A continuous snow cover is mostly found above the treeline.

Tendency

With snowfall rising.

Danger Level 1 - Low



Tendency: Increasing avalanche danger ↗

on Saturday 11 01 2025



Wind slab



Treeline

Snowpack stability: fair

Frequency: few

Avalanche size: small



New snow



Snowpack stability: fair

Frequency: few

Avalanche size: small

Watch out for wind-blown slabs and pillows of new snow

In the Fatras (Malá, Velká) there is a low avalanche danger (1st degree) above the forest zone. Overnight snowfall, which will continue during the day, will bring a total of 5 to 10 cm of new snow. The wind has varied over the last few days, therefore snow slabs may be blown on almost all slopes, except on ridges and backs, from where the snow is blown. Initially it will rain and the snowline will gradually decrease, this will allow good binding with the base of the old snow. Due to the low altitude of these mountains, most of the precipitation will be in the form of rain. The danger is concentrated on slopes with a high gradient and in places where old hard snow has accumulated, especially in gullies and moguls. Due to the overall very low snow cover, only small avalanches and avalanches are threatened sporadically.

Snowpack

The snow cover was wet and soft due to the extremely warm weather. As the weather cools and the snow falls, its character will change significantly. Up to 20 cm of new snow will gradually be added to the wet base. Snowfall will be accompanied by very strong winds, so the snow will be mostly packed down into slabs and pillows of varying hardness. On average, the Fatra mountains will receive between 20 and 30 cm of snow. A continuous snow cover is mostly found above the forest belt

Tendency

Slightly rising with snowfall.

PK